

GEOMETRIC SEQUENCES

USE THE FOLLOWING INFORMATION ABOUT GEOMETRIC SEQUENCES TO COMPLETE:

1. $a_1 = 2, a_2 = 6, a_7 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$
2. $a_1 = 12, a_2 = 6, a_{10} = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$
3. $a_1 = 1, a_2 = -2, a_{10} = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$
4. $a_1 = 29, r = .95, a_{37} = \underline{\hspace{2cm}} \text{ (rounded to nearest thousandths)}$
5. $a_1 = 3, r = 2, a_n = 1536, n = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$
6. $a_1 = 729, r = 1/3, a_n = 1, n = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$
7. $a_1 = 5, r = -3, a_n = -1215, n = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$
8. $a_1 = 1728, r = 1/2, a_n = 27, n = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

GEOMETRIC MEANS (Missing terms of a geometric sequence):

1. $5, \underline{\hspace{1cm}}, \underline{\hspace{1cm}}, 135$
2. $81, \underline{\hspace{1cm}}, \underline{\hspace{1cm}}, \underline{\hspace{1cm}}, 16$
3. $1/32, \underline{\hspace{1cm}}, \underline{\hspace{1cm}}, \underline{\hspace{1cm}}, \underline{\hspace{1cm}}, 32$
4. $13, \underline{\hspace{1cm}}, \underline{\hspace{1cm}}, -4459$
5. $x^5, \underline{\hspace{1cm}}, \underline{\hspace{1cm}}, \underline{\hspace{1cm}}, \underline{\hspace{1cm}}, \underline{\hspace{1cm}}, x^{17}$
6. $13, \underline{\hspace{1cm}}, \underline{\hspace{1cm}}, 26$
7. $5, \underline{\hspace{1cm}}, \underline{\hspace{1cm}}, \underline{\hspace{1cm}}, 45$