

ALGEBRA II REVIEW PROBLEMS
(Chapter 9)

1. Solve the following:

- a. y varies inversely with the square of x . If $y = 50$ when $x = 4$, find y when $x = 5$.
- b. d varies jointly with r and t . If $d = 110$ when $r = 55$ and $t = 2$, find r when $d = 40$ and $t = 3$.

2. Graph the following; label all asymptotes.

a. $y = \frac{-1}{x-2} + 3$ b. $y = \frac{x-7}{x^2+6x+5}$ c. $y = \frac{x^2+3x}{x+3}$

3. Perform the indicated operations and simplify.

a. $\frac{x^2-6x+8}{x^2-5x+6} \div \frac{x^2-7x+12}{x^2-4x+4}$ b. $\frac{x+5}{5-x} \cdot \frac{x^2-4x-5}{x^2}$

c. $\frac{3a}{9a^2-4b^2} - \frac{1}{3a+2b}$ d. $\frac{16x-x^2}{x^2-4} + \frac{2x+3}{2-x} + \frac{3x-2}{x+2}$

e. $\frac{3 - \frac{6}{x+5}}{1 + \frac{7}{x-4}}$

4. Solve the following.

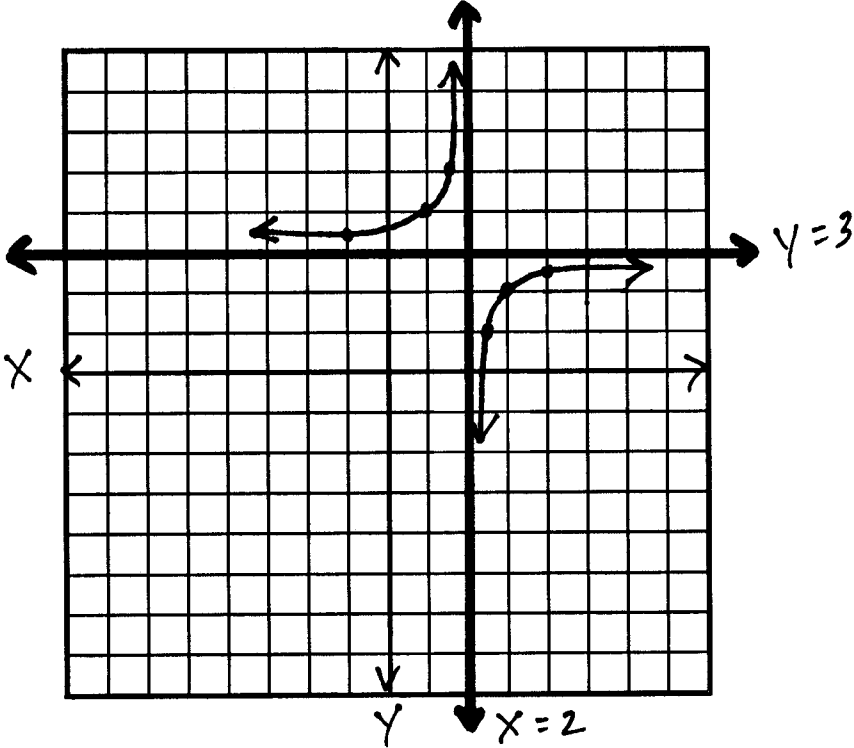
a. $\frac{5x}{x-5} + \frac{4}{x+6} = \frac{54x+5}{x^2+x-30}$ b. $\frac{x}{x-1} - \frac{2}{1-x^2} = \frac{8}{x+1}$

POTENTIAL ANSWERS

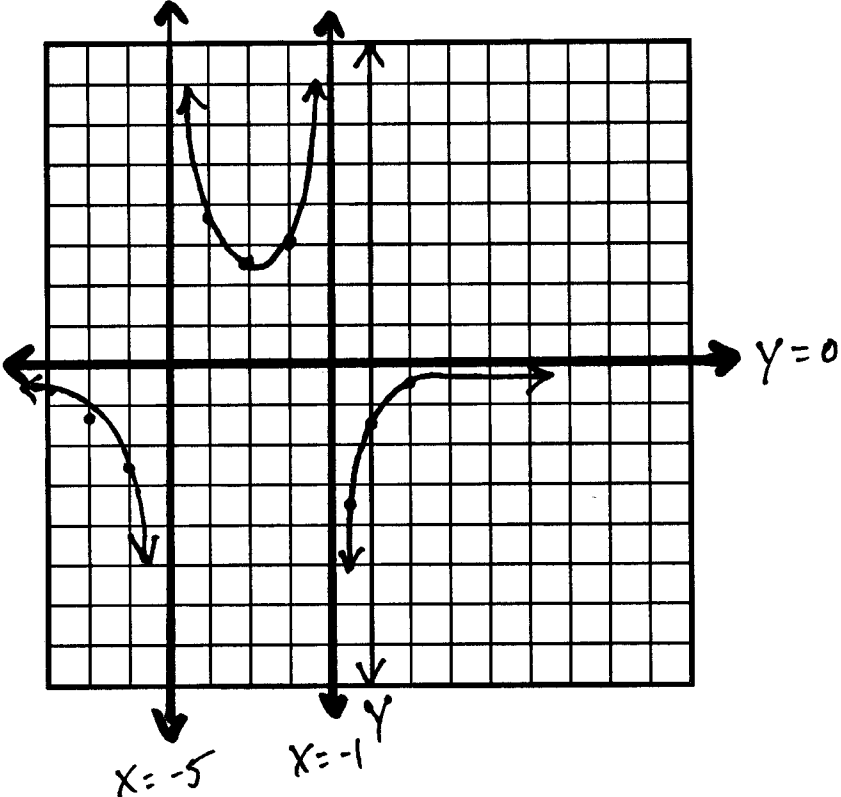
1a. $y = 32$

1b. $r = \frac{40}{3}$

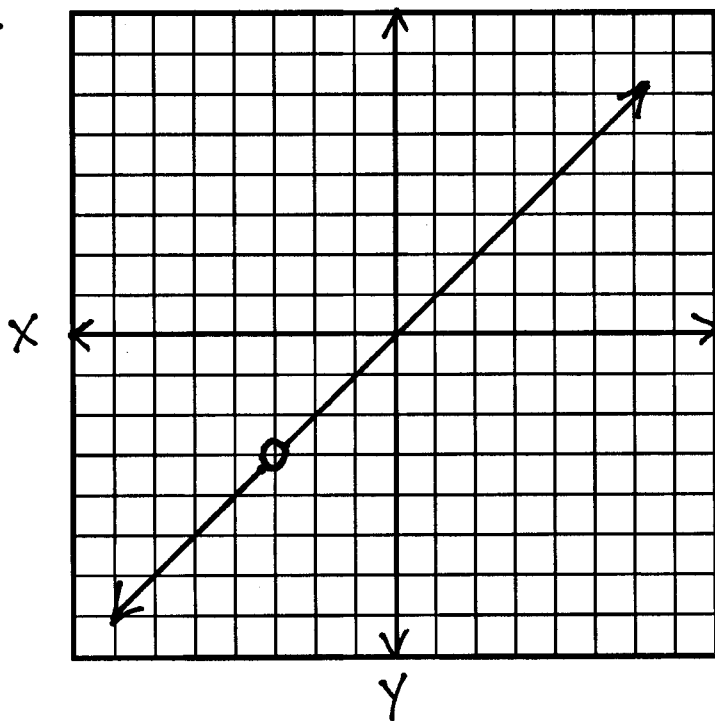
2a.



2b.



2c.



} No horizontal asymptote

3a. $\frac{x^2 - 4x + 4}{x^2 - 6x + 9}$

3b. $-\frac{x^2 + 6x + 5}{x^2}$ or $\frac{-x^2 - 6x - 5}{x^2}$ or $\frac{x + 6x + 5}{-x^2}$

3c. $\frac{2b}{9a^2 - 4b^2}$

3d. $\frac{1}{x+2}$

3e. $\frac{3x-12}{x+5}$

4a. $x = -1$ (5 extraneous)

4b. $x = 2$ or 5