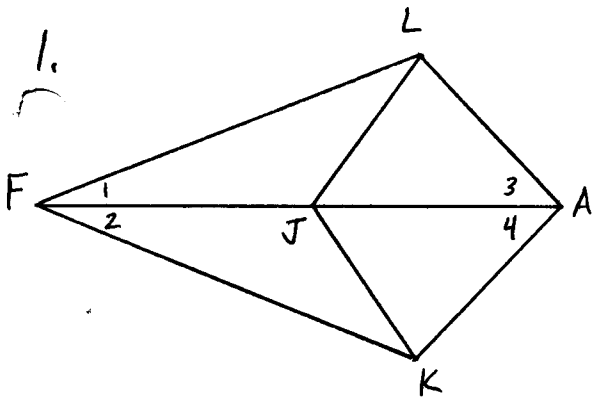
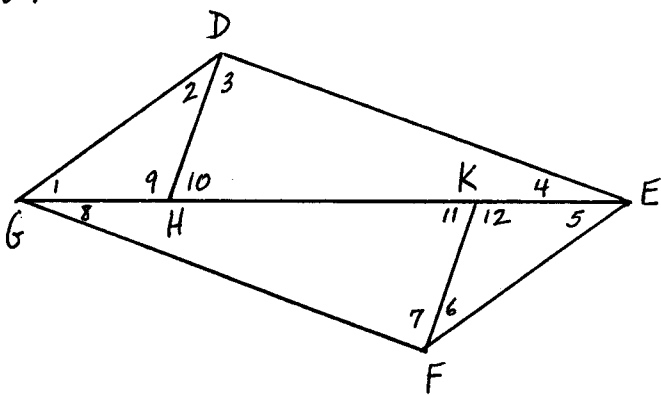


USING MORE THAN ONE
PAIR OF CONGRUENT TRIANGLES



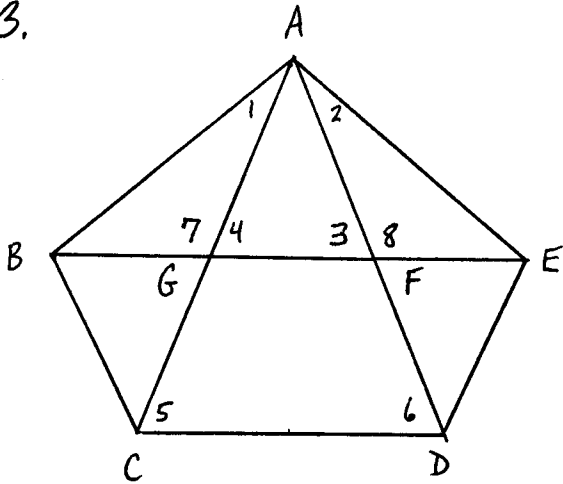
Given $\overline{LF} \cong \overline{FK}$
 $\overline{LA} \cong \overline{KA}$
Prove $\overline{LJ} \cong \overline{KJ}$

2.



Given $\angle 3$ and $\angle 7$ are right \angle s
 $\overline{DE} \cong \overline{FG}$
 $\overline{GD} \cong \overline{EF}$
Prove $\overline{DH} \cong \overline{FK}$

3.

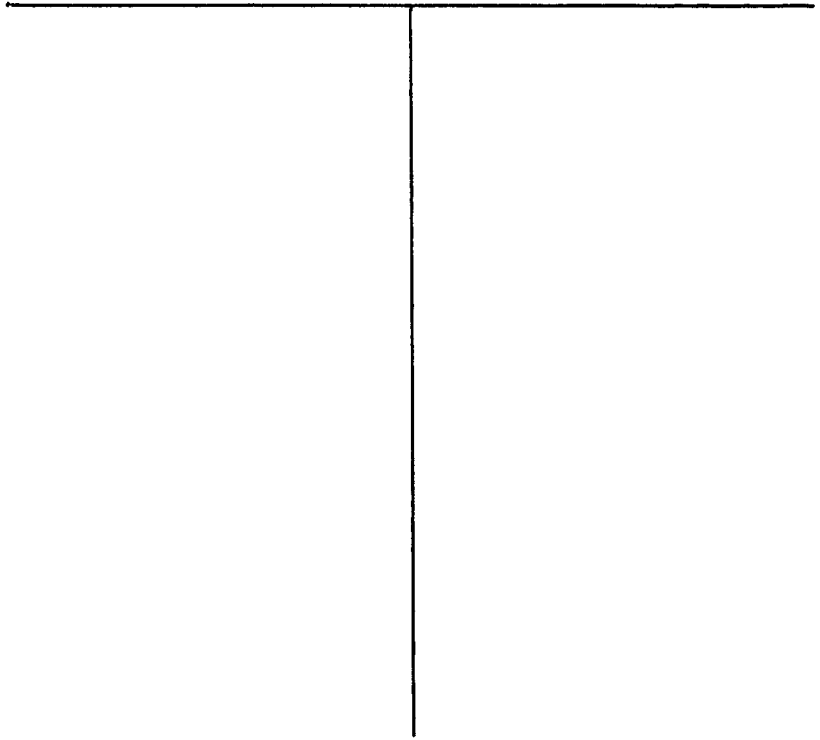


Given $\angle 1 \cong \angle 2$

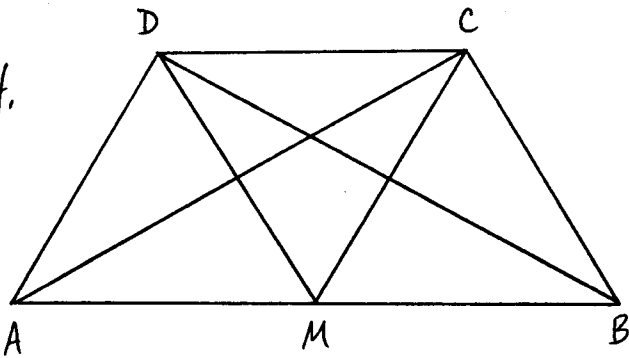
$\angle 3 \cong \angle 4$

$\angle 5 \cong \angle 6$

Prove $\overline{BC} \cong \overline{ED}$



4.

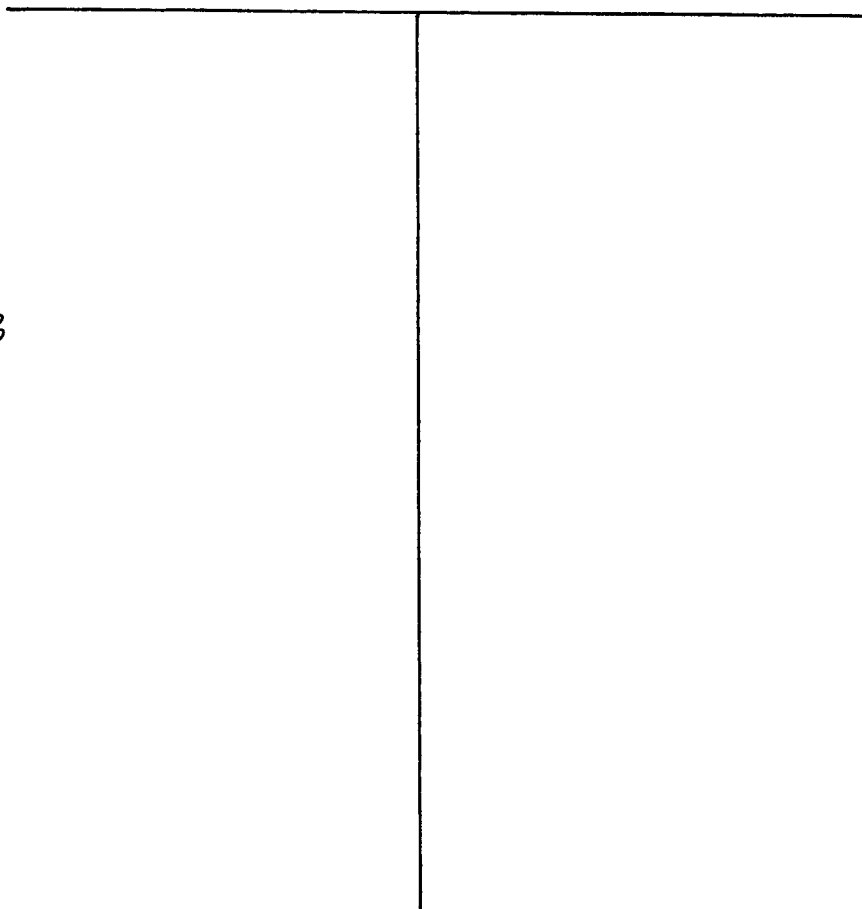


Given $\overline{AM} \cong \overline{MB}$

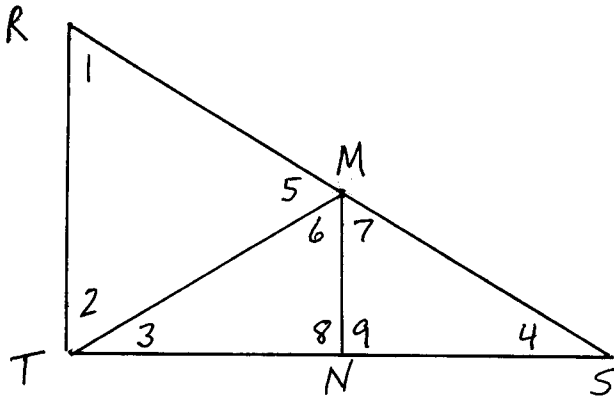
$\overline{AD} \cong \overline{BC}$

$\angle MDC \cong \angle MCD$

Prove $\overline{AC} \cong \overline{BD}$



★ BONUS ★



Given $\overline{RT} \perp \overline{TS}$, $\overline{MN} \perp \overline{TS}$
 N is midpoint of \overline{TS}

Prove M is the midpoint of \overline{RS}
(Hint: Prove $\overline{RM} \cong \overline{MS}$)